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\*-0536/1.5\* SECTION 3057. 767.265 (1m) of the statutes, as created by 1999 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is amended to read:

767.265 (1m) If a party's current obligation to pay maintenance, child support, spousal support or the annual receiving and disbursing fee terminates but the party has an arrearage in the payment of one or more of those payments, the assignment shall continue in effect, in an amount up to the amount of the assignment before the party's current obligation terminated, until the arrearage is paid in full.

\*-0536/1.6\* Section 3058. 767.265 (2h) of the statutes is amended to read:

767.265 (2h) If a court-ordered assignment, including the assignment specified under sub. (1) for the payment of any arrearages due, does not require immediately effective withholding and a payer fails to make a required maintenance, child support, spousal support or family support payment within 10 days after its due date, within 20 days after the payment's due date the court or, family court commissioner or county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) shall cause the assignment to go into effect by providing notice of the assignment in the manner provided under sub. (2r) and shall send a notice by regular mail to the last-known address of the payer. The notice sent to the payer shall inform the payer that an assignment is in effect and that the payer may, within a 10-day period, by motion request a hearing on the issue of whether the assignment should remain in effect. The court or family court commissioner shall hold a hearing requested under this subsection within 10 working days after the date of the request. If at the hearing the payer establishes that the assignment is not proper because of a mistake of fact, the court or family court commissioner may direct that the assignment be withdrawn. Either party may, within 15 working days after the date of a decision by a family court

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commissioner under this subsection, seek review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action.

\*-0536/1.7\* Section 3059. 767.265 (2h) of the statutes, as affected by 1999 Wisconsin Act .... (this act), is amended to read:

767.265 (2h) If a court-ordered assignment, including the assignment specified under sub. (1) for the payment of any arrearages due, does not require immediately effective withholding and a payer fails to make a required maintenance, child support, spousal support or, family support or annual receiving and disbursing  $\underline{\text{fee}}$  payment within 10 days after its due date, within 20 days after the payment's due date the court, family court commissioner or county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) shall cause the assignment to go into effect by providing notice of the assignment in the manner provided under sub. (2r) and shall send a notice by regular mail to the last-known address of the payer. The notice sent to the payer shall inform the payer that an assignment is in effect and that the payer may, within a 10-day period, by motion request a hearing on the issue of whether the assignment should remain in effect. The court or family court commissioner shall hold a hearing  $requested\ under\ this\ subsection\ within\ 10\ working\ days\ after\ the\ date\ of\ the\ request.$ If at the hearing the payer establishes that the assignment is not proper because of a mistake of fact, the court or family court commissioner may direct that the assignment be withdrawn. Either party may, within 15 working days after the date of a decision by a family court commissioner under this subsection, seek review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action.

\*-0536/1.8\* Section 3060. 767.265 (2m) of the statutes is created to read:

767.265 (2m) An obligation to pay unpaid fees under s. 767.29 (1) (dm) constitutes an assignment of all commissions, earnings, salaries, wages, pension

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benefits, benefits under ch. 102 or 108, lottery prizes that are payable in instalments and other money due or to be due in the future to the department or its designee. The county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) may cause the assignment to go into effect by providing notice of the assignment in the manner provided under sub. (2r) and sending a notice by regular mail to the last–known address of the payer. The notice sent to the payer shall inform the payer that an assignment is in effect and that the payer may, within a 10–day period, by motion request a hearing on the issue of whether the assignment should remain in effect. The court or family court commissioner shall hold a hearing requested under this subsection within 10 working days after the date of the request. If at the hearing the payer establishes that the assignment is not proper because of a mistake of fact, the court or family court commissioner may direct that the assignment be withdrawn. The payer or the county child support agency may, within 15 working days after the date of a decision by a family court commissioner under this subsection, seek review of the decision by the court with jurisdiction over the action.

\*-0536/1.9\* SECTION 3061. 767.265 (2r) of the statutes, as affected by 1997 Wisconsin Act 191, section 414, is amended to read:

767.265 (2r) Upon entry of each order for child support, maintenance, family support ex, support by a spouse or the annual receiving and disbursing fee, and upon approval of each stipulation for child support, unless the court finds that income withholding is likely to cause the payer irreparable harm or unless s. 767.267 applies, the court, family court commissioner or county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) shall provide notice of the assignment by regular mail or by facsimile machine, as defined in s. 134.72 (1) (a), or other electronic means to the last–known address of the person from whom the payer receives or will receive money. The notice

shall provide that the amount withheld may not exceed the maximum amount that is subject to garnishment under 15 USC 1673 (b) (2). If the department or its designee, whichever is appropriate, does not receive the money from the person notified, the court, family court commissioner or county child support agency under s. 59.53 (5) shall provide notice of the assignment to any other person from whom the payer receives or will receive money. Notice under this subsection may be a notice of the court, a copy of the executed assignment or a copy of that part of the court order directing payment.

\*-0536/1.10\* Section 3062. 767.29 (1) (d) (intro.) and 1. of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 27, are consolidated, renumbered 767.29 (1) (d) and amended to read:

family support payments, and for maintaining the records required under par. (c), the department or its designee shall collect an annual fee of \$25 to be paid by each party ordered to make payments. The court or family court commissioner shall order each party ordered to make payments to pay the annual fee under this paragraph at the time of, and in addition to, the first payment to the department or its designee in each year for which payments are ordered. In directing the manner of payment of the annual fee, the court or family court commissioner shall order that the annual fee be withheld from income and sent to the department or its designee, as provided under s. 767.265. All fees collected under this paragraph shall be deposited in the appropriation account under s. 20.445 (3) (ja). At the time of ordering the payment of an annual fee under this paragraph, the court or family court commissioner shall notify each party ordered to make payments of the requirement to pay the annual fee and of the amount of the annual fee. If the annual fee under this section

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paragraph is not paid when due, the department or its designee may not deduct the
annual fee from the maintenance or child or family support payment, but may <del>do any</del>
of the following: 1. Move move the court for a remedial sanction under ch. 785.

\*-0536/1.11\* SECTION 3063. 767.29 (1) (d) 2. of the statutes, as created by 1997 Wisconsin Act 27, is repealed.

\*-0536/1.12\* Section 3064. 767.29 (1) (dm) of the statutes is created to read: 767.29 (1) (dm) The department or its designee may collect any unpaid fees under s. 814.61 (12) (b), 1997 stats., that are shown on the department's automated payment and collection system on December 31, 1998, and shall deposit all fees collected under this paragraph in the appropriation account under s. 20.445(3) (ja). The department or its designee may collect unpaid fees under this paragraph through income withholding under s. 767.265 (2m). If the department or its designee determines that income withholding is inapplicable, ineffective or insufficient for the collection of any unpaid fees under this paragraph, the department or its designee may move the court for a remedial sanction under ch. 785. The department or its designee may contract with or employ a collection agency or other person for the collection of any unpaid fees under this paragraph and, notwithstanding s. 20.930, may contract with or employ an attorney to appear in any action in state or federal court to enforce the payment obligation. The department or its designee may not deduct the amount of unpaid fees from any maintenance or child or family support payment.

\*-1085/4.7\* SECTION 3065. 775.01 of the statutes is amended to read:

775.01 Actions against state; bond. Upon Except as provided in s. 893.83, upon the refusal of the legislature to allow a claim against the state, the claimant may commence an action against the state by service as provided in s. 801.11 (3) and

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by filing with the clerk of court a bond, not exceeding \$1,000, with 2 or more sureties, to be approved by the attorney general, to the effect that the claimant will indemnify the state against all costs that may accrue in such action and pay to the clerk of court all costs, in case the claimant fails to obtain judgment against the state.

\*-0063/2.13\* SECTION 3066. 778.02 of the statutes is amended to read:

778.02 Action in name of state; complaint; attachment. Every such forfeiture action shall be in the name of the state of Wisconsin, and it is sufficient to allege in the complaint that the defendant is indebted to the plaintiff in the amount of the forfeiture claimed, according to the provisions of the statute that imposes it, specifying the statute and for the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, the enforcement assessment imposed under s. 253.06 (4) (c) or (5) (c), any applicable consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261 and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1). If the statute imposes a forfeiture for several offenses or delinquencies the complaint shall specify the particular offense or delinquency for which the action is brought, with a demand for judgment for the amount of the forfeiture, penalty assessment, jail assessment, crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information assessment and any applicable domestic abuse assessment. If the defendant is a nonresident of the state, an attachment may issue.

\*-0063/2.14\* Section 3067. 778.03 of the statutes is amended to read:

778.03 Complaint to recover forfeited goods. In an action to recover property forfeited by any statute it shall be sufficient to allege in the complaint that the property has been forfeited, specifying the statute, with a demand of judgment

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for the delivery of the property, or the value thereof and for payment of the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46(1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, the enforcement assessment imposed under s. 253.06(4)(c) or (5)(c), any applicable consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261 and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055(1).

\*-0063/2.15\* Section 3068. 778.06 of the statutes is amended to read:

778.06 Action for what sum. When a forfeiture is imposed, not exceeding a specific sum or when it is not less than one sum or more than another, the action may be brought for the highest sum specified and for the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, the enforcement assessment imposed under s. 253.06 (4) (c) or (5) (c), any applicable consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261 and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1); and judgment may be rendered for such sum as the court or jury shall assess or determine to be proportionate to the offense.

\*-0063/2.16\* Section 3069. 778.10 of the statutes is amended to read:

any ordinance or regulation of any county, town, city or village, or of any other domestic corporation may be sued for and recovered, under this chapter, in the name of the county, town, city, village or corporation. It is sufficient to allege in the complaint that the defendant is indebted to the plaintiff in the amount of the forfeiture claimed, specifying the ordinance or regulation that imposes it and of the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by

s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261 and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1). If the ordinance or regulation imposes a penalty or forfeiture for several offenses or delinquencies the complaint shall specify the particular offenses or delinquency for which the action is brought, with a demand for judgment for the amount of the forfeiture, the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261 and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1). All moneys collected on the judgment shall be paid to the treasurer of the county, town, city, village or corporation, except that all jail assessments shall be paid to the county treasurer.

\*-0063/2.17\* Section 3070. 778.105 of the statutes is amended to read:

any court or any branch thereof for the violation of any municipal or county ordinance shall be paid to the municipality or county. Penalty assessment payments shall be made as provided in s. 165.87 757.05. Jail assessment payments shall be made as provided in s. 302.46 (1). Crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment payments shall be paid as provided in s. 165.755. Domestic abuse assessment shall be made as provided in s. 973.055. Consumer information assessment payments shall be made as provided in s. 100.261.

\*-0063/2.18\* SECTION 3071. 778.13 of the statutes is amended to read:

778.13 Forfeitures collected, to whom paid. All moneys collected in favor of the state for forfeiture, except the portion to be paid to any person who sues with the state, shall be paid by the officer who collects the forfeiture to the treasurer of the

county within which the forfeiture was incurred within 20 days after its receipt. In case of any failure in the payment the county treasurer may collect the payment of the officer by action, in the name of the office and upon the official bond of the officer, with interest at the rate of 12% per year from the time when it should have been paid. Penalty assessment payments shall be made as provided in s. 165.87 757.05. Jail assessment payments shall be made as provided in s. 302.46 (1). Crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment payments shall be paid as provided in s. 165.755. Domestic abuse assessments shall be made as provided in s. 973.055. Enforcement assessments shall be made as provided in s. 253.06 (4) (c). Consumer information assessment payments shall be made as provided in s. 100.261.

\*-0063/2.19\* SECTION 3072. 778.18 of the statutes is amended to read:

own will, dismisses any action brought before the judge under this chapter, unless by order of the district attorney or attorney general or the person joined as plaintiff with the state, or renders a less judgment therein than is prescribed by law, or releases or discharges any such judgment or part thereof without payment or collection, the judge and the judge's sureties shall be liable, in an action upon the judge's bond, for the full amount of the forfeitures imposed by law or of the forfeiture imposed by the judge and for the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261 and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1), or for an amount equal to the amount in which any such judgment or any part thereof is released or discharged. If any municipal judge gives time or delay to any person against whom any such judgment is rendered

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by the judge, or takes any bond or security for its future payment, the judge and the judge's sureties shall also be liable for the payment of the judgment upon the judge's bond.

\*-0623/1.6\* Section 3073. 799.01 (1) (am) of the statutes is amended to read: 799.01 (1) (am) Return of earnest money. Actions for the return of earnest money tendered pursuant to a contract for purchase of real property, including a condominium unit, as defined in s. 703.02 (15), and time—share property, as defined in s. 707.02 (32), that includes 1 to 4 dwelling units, as defined in s. 101.61 (1), by sale, exchange or land contract unless the transfer is exempt from the real estate transfer fee under s. 77.25 regardless of the amount claimed.

\*-0063/2.20\* Section 3074. 800.02(2)(a) 8. of the statutes is amended to read: 800.02(2)(a) 8. Notice that if the defendant makes a deposit and fails to appear in court at the time fixed in the citation, the defendant is deemed to have tendered a plea of no contest and submits to a forfeiture, penalty assessment, jail assessment and crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information assessment and any applicable domestic abuse assessment plus costs, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65(1), not to exceed the amount of the deposit. The notice shall also state that the court may decide to summon the defendant rather than accept the deposit and plea.

\*-0063/2.21\* Section 3075. 800.02(3)(a) 5. of the statutes is amended to read: 800.02(3)(a) 5. A plain and concise statement of the violation identifying the event or occurrence from which the violation arose and showing that the plaintiff is entitled to relief, the ordinance, resolution or bylaw upon which the cause of action is based and a demand for a forfeiture, the amount of which shall not exceed the maximum set by the statute involved, the penalty assessment, the jail assessment,

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the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information assessment, any applicable domestic abuse assessment and such other relief that is sought by the plaintiff.

\*-0063/2.22\* Section 3076. 800.03 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

shall not be effective until approved by the governing body of the municipality. The amount shall not exceed the maximum penalty for the offense, including any penalty assessment that would be applicable under s. 165.87 757.05, any jail assessment that would be applicable under s. 302.46 (1), any crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment that would be applicable under s. 165.755, any consumer information assessment that would be applicable under s. 100.261 and any domestic abuse assessment that would be applicable under s. 973.055 (1), plus court costs, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1).

\*-0063/2.23\* Section 3077. 800.04 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

be released under par. (a) and the defendant is charged with a traffic or boating violation, the municipal judge shall release the defendant on a deposit in the amount established by the uniform deposit schedule under s. 345.26 (2) (a) or under s. 23.66. For other violations, the municipal judge shall establish a deposit in an amount not to exceed the maximum penalty for the offense, including any penalty assessment that would be applicable under s. 165.87 757.05, any jail assessment that would be applicable under s. 302.46 (1), any crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment that would be applicable under s. 165.755, any consumer information assessment that would be applicable under s. 100.261 and any domestic abuse assessment that would be applicable under s. 973.055 (1). If the judge in a 1st class

city determines that a defendant appearing before the judge through interactive video and audio transmission should not be released under par. (a), the judge shall inform the defendant that he or she has the right to appear personally before a judge for a determination, not prejudiced by the first appearance, as to whether he or she should be released without a deposit. On failure of the defendant to make a deposit under this paragraph, he or she may be committed to jail pending trial only if the judge finds that there is a reasonable basis to believe the person will not appear in court.

\*-0063/2.24\* Section 3078. 800.04 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 800.04 (2) (c) If the defendant has made a deposit under par. (b) or s. 800.03 and does not appear, he or she is deemed to have tendered a plea of no contest and submits to a forfeiture, a penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05, a jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), a crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261 and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1) plus costs, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1), not exceeding the amount of the deposit. The court may either accept the plea of no contest and enter judgment accordingly, or reject the plea and issue a summons. If the court finds that the violation meets the conditions in s. 800.093 (1), the court may summon the alleged violator into court to determine if restitution shall be ordered under s. 800.093. If the defendant fails to appear in response to the summons, the court shall issue a warrant under s. 968.09. If the defendant has made a deposit but does appear, the court shall allow the defendant to withdraw the plea of no contest.

\*-0063/2.25\* SECTION 3079. 800.09 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.09 (1) JUDGMENT. (intro.) If a municipal court finds a defendant guilty it may render judgment by ordering restitution under s. 800.093 and payment of a forfeiture, the penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05, the jail assessment imposed by s. 302.46 (1), the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment imposed by s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261 and any applicable domestic abuse assessment imposed by s. 973.055 (1) plus costs of prosecution, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1). The court shall apply any payment received on a judgment that includes restitution to first satisfy any payment of restitution ordered, then to pay the forfeiture, assessments and costs. If the judgment is not paid, the court may proceed under par. (a), (b) or (c) or any combination of those paragraphs, as follows:

\***-0063/2.26\* SECTION 3080.** 800.09 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

instalment payments. At the time the judgment is rendered, the court shall inform the defendant, orally and in writing, of the date by which restitution and the payment of the forfeiture, the penalty assessment, the jail assessment, the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information assessment and any applicable domestic abuse assessment plus costs must be made, and of the possible consequences of failure to do so in timely fashion, including imprisonment, as provided in s. 800.095, or suspension of the defendant's motor vehicle operating privilege, as provided in par. (c), if applicable. If the defendant is not present, the court shall ensure that the information is sent to the defendant by mail. In 1st class cities, all of the written information required by this paragraph shall be printed in English and Spanish and provided to each defendant.

\*-1615/1.2\* Section 3081. 800.09 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.09 (1) (c) The Subject to the fee under s. 85.135, if applicable, the court may suspend the defendant's operating privilege, as defined in s. 340.01 (40), until restitution is made and the forfeiture, assessments and costs are paid, if the defendant has not done so within 60 days after the date the restitution or payments or both are to be made under par. (a) and has not notified the court that he or she is unable to comply with the judgment, as provided under s. 800.095 (4) (a), except that the suspension period may not exceed 5 years. The court shall take possession of the suspended license and shall forward the license, along with a notice of the suspension clearly stating that the suspension is for failure to comply with a judgment of the court, to the department of transportation.

\*-0063/2.27\* Section 3082. 800.09 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 800.09 (2) (b) If the person charged fails to appear personally or by an attorney at the time fixed for hearing of the case, the defendant may be deemed to have entered a plea of no contest and the money deposited, if any, or such portion thereof as the court determines to be an adequate penalty, plus the penalty assessment, the jail assessment, the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information assessment and any applicable domestic abuse assessment plus costs, including the fee prescribed in s. 814.65 (1), may be declared forfeited by the court or may be ordered applied upon the payment of any penalty which may be imposed, together with the penalty assessment, the jail assessment, the crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessment, any applicable consumer information assessment and any applicable domestic abuse assessment plus costs. If the court finds that the violation meets the conditions in s. 800.093 (1), the court may summon the alleged violator into court to determine if restitution shall be ordered under s. 800.093. Any money remaining after payment of any penalties,

assessments, costs and restitution	shall be	refunded	to the	person	who	made	the
deposit.							

\*-1615/1.3\* Section 3083. 800.095 (4) (b) 4. of the statutes is amended to read: 800.095 (4) (b) 4. That Subject to the fee under s. 85.135, if applicable, that the defendant's operating privilege, as defined in s. 340.01 (40), be suspended until the judgment is complied with, except that the suspension period may not exceed 5 years.

\*-0063/2.28\* Section 3084. 800.10 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

drug law enforcement assessments, consumer information assessments, domestic abuse assessments and costs paid to a municipal court under a judgment before a municipal judge shall be paid to the municipal treasurer within 7 days after receipt of the money by a municipal judge or other court personnel. At the time of the payment, the municipal judge shall report to the municipal treasurer the title of the action, the offense for which a forfeiture was imposed and the total amount of the forfeiture, fees, penalty assessments, crime laboratories and drug law enforcement assessments, consumer information assessments, domestic abuse assessments and costs, if any. The treasurer shall disburse the fees as provided in s. 814.65 (1). All jail assessments paid to a municipal court under a judgment before a municipal judge shall be paid to the county treasurer within 7 days after receipt of the money by a municipal judge or other court personnel.

\*-0063/2.29\* Section 3085. 800.12 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

800.12 (2) A municipality may by ordinance provide that a municipal judge may impose a forfeiture for contempt under sub. (1) in an amount not to exceed \$50 or, upon nonpayment of the forfeiture, penalty assessment under s. 165.87 757.05, jail assessment under s. 302.46 and, crime laboratories and drug law enforcement

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assessment under s. 165.755, any applicable consumer information assessment
$\underline{\text{under s. } 100.261}$ and any applicable domestic abuse assessment under s. $973.055(1)$ ,
a jail sentence not to exceed 7 days.

\*-0265/1.3\* Section 3086. 803.03 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 803.03 (2) (b) Options after joinder. Any party joined pursuant to par. (a) may 1. participate in the prosecution of the action, 2. agree to have his or her interest represented by the party who caused the joinder, or 3. move for dismissal with or without prejudice. If the party joined chooses to participate in the prosecution of the action, the party joined shall have an equal voice with other claimants in such prosecution. If Except as provided in par. (bm), if the party joined chooses to have his or her interest represented by the party who caused the joinder, the party joined shall sign a written waiver of the right to participate which shall express consent to be bound by the judgment in the action. Such waiver shall become binding when filed with the court, but a party may withdraw the waiver upon timely motion to the judge to whom the case has been assigned with notice to the other parties. A party who represents the interest of another party and who obtains a judgment favorable to such other party may be awarded reasonable attorneys fees by the court. If the party joined moves for dismissal without prejudice as to his or her claim, the party shall demonstrate to the court that it would be unjust to require the party to prosecute the claim with the principal claim. In determining whether to grant the motion to dismiss, the court shall weigh the possible prejudice to the movant against the state's interest in economy of judicial effort.

\*-0265/1.4\* Section 3087. 803.03 (2) (bm) of the statutes is created to read: 803.03 (2) (bm) Joinders because of implication of medical assistance. If the department of health and family services is joined as a party pursuant to par. (a) and

s. 49.89 (2) because of the provision of benefits under subch. IV of ch. 49, the department of health and family services need not sign a waiver of the right to participate in order to have its interests represented by the party that caused the joinder. If the department of health and family services makes no selection under par. (b), the party causing the joinder shall represent the interests of the department of health and family services and the department of health and family services shall be bound by the judgment in the action. Regardless of whether the department of health and family services joins in prosecuting the claim, the portion of the proceeds of the claim that represents benefits paid under subch. IV of ch. 49 as a result of the occurrence of injury, sickness or death for which the claim arose shall be paid to the department of health and family services pursuant to s. 49.89 (5).

\*\_1836/2.28\* Section 3088. 813.16 (7) of the statutes is amended to read:

813.16 (7) If the person seeking the appointment of a receiver under sub. (1) is a corporation supervised by the division of savings and loan institutions, home loan bank board, U.S. office of thrift supervision, federal deposit insurance corporation or resolution trust corporation, the court, unless the opposing party objects, shall appoint an officer of such corporation as receiver to act without compensation and to give such bond as the court requires.

\*-0265/1.5\* Section 3089. 814.03 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

814.03 (3) Notwithstanding subs. (1) and (2), where the department of health and family services or a county is joined as a plaintiff pursuant to ss. 49.89 (2) and 803.03 (2) (a) because of the provision of benefits under subch. IV of ch. 49, and where the interests of the department of health and family services or of the county are represented under s. 803.03 (2) (b) by the party who caused the joinder, the

department of health and family services or the county shall not be liable for costs to any prevailing defendant.

\*-1597/3.1\* Section 3090. 814.04 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 814.04 (1) (a) When the amount recovered or the value of the property involved is \$1,000 or over equal to or greater than the maximum amount specified in s. 799.01 (1) (d), attorney fees shall be \$100 may not exceed \$500; when it is less than \$1,000 and is \$500 or over, \$50 the maximum amount specified in s. 799.01 (1) (d), but is \$1,000 or more, attorney fees may not exceed \$300; when it is less than \$500 and is \$200 or over, \$25; and when it is less than \$200, \$15 \$1,000, attorney fees may not exceed \$100. In all other cases in which there is no amount recovered or that do not involve property, attorney fees may not exceed \$500.

- \*-1597/3.2\* Section 3091. 814.04 (1) (b) of the statutes is repealed.
- \*-1597/3.3\* Section 3092. 814.04 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

by law; the compensation of referees; a reasonable disbursement for the service of process or other papers in an action when the same are served by a person authorized by law other than an officer, but the item may not exceed the authorized sheriff's fee for the same service; amounts actually paid out for certified and other copies of papers and records in any public office; postage, telegraphing photocopying, telephoning, electronic communications, facsimile transmissions and express or overnight delivery; depositions including copies; plats and photographs, not exceeding \$50 \$100 for each item; an expert witness fee not exceeding \$100 \$300 for each expert who testifies, exclusive of the standard witness fee and mileage which shall also be taxed for each expert; and in actions relating to or affecting the title to

1	lands, the cost of procuring an abstract of title to the lands. Guardian ad litem fees
2	shall not be taxed as a cost or disbursement.
3	*-1597/3.4* Section 3093. 814.07 of the statutes is amended to read:
4	814.07 Costs on motion. Costs may be allowed on a motion, in the discretion
5	of the court or judge, not exceeding \$50 $\pm 300$ , and may be absolute or directed to abide
6	the event of the action.
7	*-1265/7.39* SECTION 3094. 814.60 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	814.60 (2) (a) Penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05;
9	*-0063/2.30* Section 3095. 814.60 (2) (ai) of the statutes is created to read:
10	814.60 (2) (ai) Consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261.
11	*-1615/1.4* Section 3096. 814.613 of the statutes is created to read:
12	814.613 Fees for driver's license suspensions or revocations. A court
13	may require a person to pay a fee upon ordering the suspension or revocation of that
14	person's operating privilege under s. 345.47 (1), 800.09 (1) (c), 800.095 (4) (b) 4.,
<b>1</b> 5	938.17(2)(d), 938.34(8) or $938.343(2)$ , if the operating privilege was suspended or
16	revoked solely for failure to pay a forfeiture imposed for violating an ordinance that
17	is unrelated to the violator's operation of a motor vehicle. The amount of the fee may
18	not exceed the amount that the court is required to pay under s. 85.135.
19	*-1265/7.40* SECTION 3097. 814.63 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	814.63 (3) (a) Penalty assessment imposed by s. 165.87 757.05.
21	*-0063/2.31* Section 3098. 814.63 (3) (ai) of the statutes is created to read:
22	814.63 (3) (ai) Consumer information assessment imposed by s. 100.261.
23	*-1037/2.2* Section 3099. 814.635 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	814.635 (1) Except for an action for a safety belt use violation under s. 347.48
25	(2m), the clerk of circuit court shall charge and collect a \$7 \$9 justice information

system fee from any person, including any governmental unit as defined in s. 108.02
$(17), paying a fee under s.\ 814.61\ (1)\ (a), (3)\ or\ (8)\ (am), 814.62\ (1), (2)\ or\ (3)\ (a)\ or\ (b)$
or $814.63(1)$ . The justice information system fee is in addition to the other fees listed
in this section.
*-1615/1.5* Section 3100. 814.65 (6) of the statutes is created to read:
814.65 (6) FEE FOR DRIVER'S LICENSE SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION. A municipal
court may require a person to pay a fee upon ordering the suspension or revocation
of that person's operating privilege under s. $345.47(1)$ , $800.09(1)(c)$ , $800.095(4)(b)$
4., 938.17 (2) (d), 938.34 (8) or 938.343 (2), if the operating privilege was suspended

or revoked solely for failure to pay a forfeiture imposed for violating an ordinance

that is unrelated to the violator's operation of a motor vehicle. The amount of the fee

may not exceed the amount that the court is required to pay under s. 85.135.

\*-1806/3.15\* Section 3101. 815.18 (3) (o) of the statutes is amended to read: 815.18 (3) (o) *Tuition units*. Tuition units purchased under s. 16.24 14.63.

\*-0030/2.123\* Section 3102. 859.02 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 859.02 (2) (a) It is a claim based on tort, on a marital property agreement that is subject to the time limitations under s. 766.58 (13) (b) or (c), on Wisconsin income, franchise, sales, withholding, gift or death taxes, or on unemployment insurance contributions due or benefits overpaid; a claim for funeral or administrative expenses; a claim of this state under s. 46.27 (7g), 49.496 or 49.682 or rules promulgated under s. 46.286 (7); or a claim of the United States; or

\*-0030/2.124\* Section 3103. 859.07 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
859.07 (2) If the decedent was at the time of death or at any time prior thereto
a patient or inmate of any state or county hospital or institution or any person
responsible for any obligation owing to the state or county under s. 46.03 (18), 46.10,

48.36, $301.03$ (18), $301.12$ or $938.36$ or if the decedent or the spouse of the decedent
ever received the family care benefit under s. 46.286, medical assistance under
subch. IV of ch. 49, long-term community support services funded under s. 46.27 (7)
or aid under s. 49.68, 49.683 or 49.685, the personal representative shall send notice
in writing of the date set under s. 859.01 by registered or certified mail to the
department of health and family services or the department of corrections, as
applicable, and the county clerk of the applicable county not less than 30 days before
the date set under s. 859.01, upon such blanks and containing such information as
the applicable department or county clerk may provide. The applicable county is the
county of residence, as defined in s. 49.001 (6).

\*-0030/2.125\* SECTION 3104. 867.01 (3) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

867.01 (3) (a) 4. Whether the decedent or the decedent's spouse received the family care benefit under s. 46.286, medical assistance under subch. IV of ch. 49, long-term community support services funded under s. 46.27 (7) or aid under s. 49.68, 49.683 or 49.685.

\*-0030/2.126\* Section 3105. 867.01 (3) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 867.01 (3) (d) Notice. The court may hear the matter without notice or order notice to be given under s. 879.03. If the decedent or the decedent's spouse received the family care benefit under s. 46.286, medical assistance under subch. IV of ch. 49, long-term community support services funded under s. 46.27 (7) or aid under s. 49.68, 49.683 or 49.685, the petitioner shall give notice by certified mail to the department of health and family services as soon as practicable after filing the petition with the court.

1	*-0030/2.127* SECTION 3106. 867.02 (2) (a) 6. of the statutes is amended to
2	read:
3	867.02 (2) (a) 6. Whether the decedent or the decedent's spouse received the

867.02 (2) (a) 6. Whether the decedent or the decedent's spouse received the family care benefit under s. 46.286, medical assistance under subch. IV of ch. 49, long-term community support services funded under s. 46.27 (7) or aid under s. 49.68, 49.683 or 49.685.

\*-0030/2.128\* SECTION 3107. 867.03 (1g) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 867.03 (1g) (c) Whether the decedent or the decedent's spouse ever received the family care benefit under s. 46.286, medical assistance under subch. IV of ch. 49, long-term community support services funded under s. 46.27 (7) or aid under s. 49.68, 49.683 or 49.685.

\*-0030/2.129\* SECTION 3108. 867.03 (1m) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

867.03 (1m) (a) Whenever an heir or person who was guardian of the decedent at the time of the decedent's death intends to transfer a decedent's property by affidavit under sub. (1g) and the decedent or the decedent's spouse ever received the family care benefit under s. 46.286, medical assistance under subch. IV of ch. 49, long-term community support services funded under s. 46.27 (7) or aid under s. 49.68, 49.683 or 49.685, the heir or person who was guardian of the decedent at the time of the decedent's death shall give notice to the department of health and family services of his or her intent. The notice shall include the information in the affidavit under sub. (1g) and the heir or person who was guardian of the decedent at the time of the decedent's death shall give the notice by certified mail, return receipt requested.

\*-0030/2.130\* SECTION 3109. 867.03 (1m) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

867.03 (1m) (b) An heir or person who was guardian of the decedent at the time of the decedent's death who files an affidavit under sub. (1g) that states that the decedent or the decedent's spouse received the family care benefit under s. 46.286, medical assistance under subch. IV of ch. 49, long—term community support services funded under s. 46.27 (7) or aid under s. 49.68, 49.683 or 49.685 shall attach to the affidavit the proof of mail delivery of the notice required under par. (a) showing a delivery date that is not less than 10 days before the day on which the heir or person who was guardian of the decedent at the time of the decedent's death files the affidavit.

\*-0030/2.131\* Section 3110. 867.035(1)(a)(intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

867.035 (1) (a) (intro.) Except as provided in par. (bm), the department of health and family services may collect from the property of a decedent, including funds of a decedent that are held by the decedent immediately before death in a joint account or a P.O.D. account, by affidavit under this section an amount equal to the medical assistance that is recoverable under s. 49.496 (3) (a), the long-term community support services under s. 46.27 that is recoverable under s. 46.27 (7g) (c) 1., the family care benefit that is recoverable under rules promulgated under s. 46.286 (7) or the aid under s. 49.68, 49.683 or 49.685 that is recoverable under s. 49.682 (2) (a) and that was paid on behalf of the decedent or the decedent's spouse, if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

\*-0028/7.81\* Section 3111. 867.035 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

867.035 (4) From the appropriation under s. 20.435 (5) (4) (im), with respect to funds collected by the department under sub. (1) related to medical assistance paid on behalf of the decedent or the decedent's spouse, the department of health and family services shall pay claims under sub. (3), shall pay to the federal government from the amount recovered under this section and not paid out as claims under sub. (3) an amount equal to the amount of federal funds used to pay the benefits recovered under this section and shall spend the remainder of the amount recovered under this section for medical assistance benefits under subch. IV of ch. 49.

\*-1831/1.1\* SECTION 3112. 880.60 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

880.60 (4) LIMITATION ON NUMBER OF WARDS. No person or corporate entity other than a county having a population of 100,000 or more, or a bank or trust company or the commandant of the Wisconsin veterans home at King shall be guardian of more than 5 wards at one time, unless all the wards are members of one family. Such A county shall act only for patients in its county hospital or mental hospital and for residents of its county home or infirmary, and shall serve without fee. The commandant shall act only for members of the Wisconsin veterans home and shall serve without fee. Upon presentation of a petition by an attorney of the U.S. department of veterans affairs or other interested person, alleging that a guardian is acting in a fiduciary capacity for more than 5 wards as herein provided and requesting the guardian's discharge for that reason, the court, upon proof substantiating the petition, shall require a final accounting forthwith from such the guardian and shall discharge the guardian from guardianship in excess of 5 and forthwith appoint a successor.

\*-1085/4.8\* Section 3113. 893.83 of the statutes is created to read:

893.83	Claims	against	state	and local	governments	resulting	from
computation	nal date	errors.	(1) In	this section	:		

- (a) "Action" means any civil action or proceeding including any action for declaratory or injunctive relief.
  - (b) "Computational date error" means:
- 1. The failure of a computer system to handle correctly and consistently all dates before, during and after the year 2000; or
- 2. The inability of a computer system to correctly interpret, produce, calculate, generate, utilize, manipulate, represent or account for all dates before, during and after the year 2000.
- (c) "Computer system" means any electronic or collection of devices, including support devices, networks, and embedded chips, that contains computer programs or electronic instructions and that performs functions including logic, arithmetic, data processing, data storage and retrieval, communication or control.
- (d) "Local governmental unit" means a political subdivision of this state, a special purpose district in this state, an instrumentality or corporation of such a political subdivision or special purpose district, a combination or subunit of any of the foregoing or a combination of an instrumentality of the state and any of the foregoing.
- (e) "State governmental unit" means this state, and every subunit or instrumentality of this state, including any institution or authority, regardless of whether moneys are appropriated to the unit.
- (2) No person may bring an action against a state authority or local governmental unit or an officer, employe or agent of a state or local governmental unit acting within the scope of his or her employment or agency for the alleged failure

of the authority, unit, officer, employe or agent to plan for, test for, detect, disclose,
prevent, report on, reprogram, remediate or otherwise effect control over a
computational date error or to have in place alternative provisions to deal with the
effects of a computational date error or for any other act or omission related to a
computational date error for which there would otherwise be liability if the authority,
unit, officer, employe or agent made a good faith effort to address the alleged failure.
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- (3) Any provision of a contract entered into, extended, modified or renewed by a state or local governmental unit or by a state authority on or after the effective date of this subsection .... [revisor inserts date], contrary to sub. (2) is void.
  - \*-0583/2.1\* Section 3114. 895.82 of the statutes is created to read:

# 895.82 Interpretation of contracts and other legal instruments: European currency. (1) In this section:

- (a) "Euro" means the currency of participating member states of the European Union who have adopted a single currency in accordance with the provisions of the 1992 Treaty on European Union.
- (b) "European currency unit" means the currency basket that is the monetary unit of account of the European Economic Community.
- (2) Unless otherwise required in a contract or other legal instrument, if a subject or medium of payment of a contract or other legal instrument is a currency that has been replaced by the euro, the euro shall be a commercially reasonable substitute for that currency. The valuation of the currency in euros shall be determined in accordance with any applicable regulations adopted by the council of the European Union.
- (3) Unless otherwise required in a contract or other legal instrument, if a subject or medium of payment of a contract or other legal instrument is the European

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SECTION	211	1

- currency unit, the euro shall be a commercially reasonable substitute for the European currency unit. The valuation of the European currency unit in euros shall be determined in accordance with any applicable regulations adopted by the council of the European Union.
  - (4) No person may discharge or otherwise excuse performance under any contract or other legal instrument, nor unilaterally alter the terms of, or terminate, any contract or other legal instrument, as a result of sub. (2) or (3).
  - (5) This section shall apply only to a contract or other legal instrument entered into or executed in this state or that contains provisions requiring the contract or other legal instrument to be interpreted according to the law of this state.
    - \*-0085/4.3\* Section 3115. 938.02 (6) of the statutes is amended to read:
  - 938.02 (6) "Foster home" means any facility that is operated by a person required to be licensed by s. 48.62(1)(a) and that provides care and maintenance for no more than 4 juveniles unless all of the juveniles are siblings or, if necessary to enable a sibling group to remain together, for no more than 6 juveniles or, if the department of health and family services promulgates rules permitting a different number of juveniles, for the number of juveniles permitted under those rules.
  - \*-0674/1.7\* Section 3116. 938.02 (14m) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.02 (14m) "Pupil assistance program" means a program provided by a school board under s. 115.362 (4) (b) 2. 115.361 to intervene in the abuse of alcohol and other drugs by pupils.
  - \*-2105/1.67\* Section 3117. 938.02 (15g) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.02 (15g) "Secured child caring institution" means a child caring institution operated by a child welfare agency that is licensed under s. 48.66 (1) (b) to hold in secure custody persons adjudged delinquent.

*-2105/1.68* Section 3118. 938.02 (15m) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.02 (15m) "Secured correctional facility" means a correctional institution
operated or contracted for by the department of corrections or operated by the
department of health and family services for holding in secure custody persons
adjudged delinquent. "Secured correctional facility" includes the Mendota juvenile
treatment center under s. 46.057, the facility at which the juvenile boot camp
program under s. 938.532 is operated, and a facility authorized under s. 938.533 (3)
(b), 938.538 (4) (b) or 938.539 (5).
*-2105/1.69* Section 3119. 938.02 (15p) of the statutes is created to read:
938.02 (15p) "Secured group home" means a group home operated by a county
department that is licensed under s. 48.66 (1) (b) to hold in secure custody persons
who have been convicted under s. 938.183 or adjudicated delinquent under s. 938.183
or 938.34 (4h) or (4m).
*-2105/1.70* Section 3120. 938.02 (17) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.02 (17) "Shelter care facility" means a nonsecure place of temporary care
and physical custody for juveniles, including a holdover room, licensed by the
department of health and family services under s. 48.66 (1) (a).
*-0276/1.1* SECTION 3121. 938.06 (1) (a) 2. of the statutes is amended to read:
938.06 (1) (a) 2. The Subject to subd. 2m., the chief judge of the judicial
administrative district shall formulate written judicial policy governing intake and
court services for juvenile matters under this chapter and the director shall be
charged with executing the judicial policy. The chief judge shall direct and supervise
the work of all personnel of the court, except the work of the district attorney or

corporation counsel assigned to the court. The chief judge may delegate his or her

supervisory functions under s. 938.065 (1).

**SECTION 3122** 

*-0276/1.2* SECTION 3122. $938.06(1)(a) 2m$ . of the statutes is created to read:
938.06 (1) (a) 2m. In formulating judicial policy under subd. 2. governing
intake and court services, the chief judge may not direct the department of health
and family services to provide those services in any case in which the referral
information indicates that a juvenile should be referred to the court as delinquent,
in need of protection or services under this chapter or in violation of a civil law or
ordinance, unless  that  information  indicates  that  the  juvenile  should  also  be  referred
to the court as in need of protection or services under ch. 48. The chief judge shall
direct the department of health and family services and the county department to
coordinate the provision of services in cases in which the intake worker determines
under s. 48.24 (1) that prima facie jurisdiction exists under this chapter instead of
or in addition to ch. 48 and in cases in which the intake worker determines under s.
938.24 (1) that prima facie jurisdiction exists under ch. 48 instead of or in addition
to this chapter.
*-2105/1.71* Section 3123. $938.069(1)(dj)$ of the statutes is amended to read:
938.069 (1) (dj) Provide aftercare services for a juvenile who has been released
from a secured correctional facility or, a secured child caring institution or a secured
group home.
*-2105/1.72* SECTION 3124. 938.08 (3) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is amended
to read:
938.08 (3) (a) (intro.) In addition to the law enforcement authority specified in
sub. (2), department personnel designated by the department and, personnel of an
agency contracted with under s. $301.08(1)(b)3$ . designated by agreement between
the agency and the department and personnel of a county contracted with under s.
301.08 (1) (b) 4. designated by agreement between the county and the department

1	have the power of law enforcement authorities to take a juvenile into physical
2	custody under the following conditions:
3	*-2105/1.73* Section 3125. 938.08(3)(a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:
4	938.08 (3) (a) 1. If they are in prompt pursuit of a juvenile who has run away
5	from a secured correctional facility or, a child caring institution or a secured group
6	home.
7	*-2105/1.74* Section 3126. $938.08(3)(a)2$ . of the statutes is amended to read:
8	938.08 (3) (a) 2. If the juvenile has failed to return to a secured correctional
9	facility or, a child caring institution or a secured group home after any authorized
10	absence.
11	*-2105/1.75* Section 3127. 938.08 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
12	938.08 (3) (b) A juvenile who is taken into custody under par. (a) may be
13	returned directly to the secured correctional facility ex, child caring institution or
14	secured group home and shall have a hearing regarding placement in a disciplinary
15	cottage or in disciplinary status in accordance with ch. 227.
16	*-2105/1.76* Section 3128. 938.17 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	938.17 (1) (c) If the court of civil or criminal jurisdiction orders the juvenile to
18	serve a period of incarceration of 6 months or more, that court shall petition the court
19	assigned to exercise jurisdiction under this chapter and ch. 48 to order one or more
20	of the dispositions provided in s. 938.34, including placement of the juvenile in a
21	secured correctional facility or a secured group home under s. 938.34 (4m), if
22	appropriate.
23	*-1615/1.6* Section 3129. 938.17 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	938.17 (2) (d) If a municipal court finds that the juvenile violated a municipal
25	ordinance other than an ordinance enacted under s. 118.163 or an ordinance that

conforms to s. 125.07 (4) (a) or (b), 125.085 (3) (b), 125.09 (2), 961.573 (2), 961.574 (2) or 961.575 (2), the court shall enter any of the dispositional orders permitted under s. 938.343 that are authorized under par. (cm). If a juvenile fails to pay the forfeiture imposed by the municipal court, the court may not impose a jail sentence but may suspend any license issued under ch. 29 for not less than 30 days nor more than 5 years, or, subject to the fee under s. 85.135, if applicable may suspend the juvenile's operating privilege, as defined in s. 340.01 (40), for not less than 30 days nor more than 5 years. If a court suspends a license or privilege under this section, the court shall immediately take possession of the applicable license and forward it to the department that issued the license, together with the notice of suspension clearly stating that the suspension is for failure to pay a forfeiture imposed by the court. If the forfeiture is paid during the period of suspension, the court shall immediately notify the department, which shall thereupon return the license to the person.

\*-2105/1.77\* Section 3130. 938.183 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.183 (1) (a) A juvenile who has been adjudicated delinquent and who is alleged to have violated s. 940.20 (1) or 946.43 while placed in a secured correctional facility, a secure detention facility ex, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home or who has been adjudicated delinquent and who is alleged to have committed a violation of s. 940.20 (2m).

\*-2105/1.78\* Section 3131. 938.208 (2) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.208 (2) Probable cause exists to believe that the juvenile is a fugitive from another state or has run away from a secured correctional facility, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home and there has been no reasonable opportunity to return the juvenile.

\*-2105/1.79\* SECTION 3132. 938.22 (title) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.22 (title) Establishment of secure detention facilities and shelter care county or private juvenile facilities.

\*-2105/1.80\* Section 3133. 938.22 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.22 (1) (a) Subject to s. 48.66 (1) (b), the county board of supervisors of any county may establish a secured group home or a secure detention facility in accordance with ss. 301.36 and 301.37 or the county boards of supervisors for 2 or more counties may jointly establish a secure detention facility in accordance with ss. 46.20, 301.36 and 301.37. The county board of supervisors of any county may establish a secure detention facility or a shelter care facility or both in accordance with ss. 46.16 and 46.17 or the county boards of supervisors for 2 or more counties may jointly establish a secure detention facility or a shelter care facility or both in accordance with ss. 46.16, 46.17 and 46.20 and 301.36. A private entity may establish a secure detention facility in accordance with ss. 301.36 and 301.37 and contract with one or more county boards of supervisors under s. 938.222 for holding juveniles in the private secure detention facility.

\*-2105/1.81\* Section 3134. 938.22 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.22 (1) (b) Subject to sub. (3) (ar), in counties having a population of less than 500,000, the nonjudicial operational policies of a public secured group home, secure detention facility or shelter care facility shall be determined by the county board of supervisors or, in the case of a public secured group home, secure detention facility or shelter care facility established by 2 or more counties, by the county boards of supervisors for the 2 or more counties jointly. Those policies shall be executed by the superintendent appointed under sub. (3) (a).

\*-2105/1.82\* **Section 3135.** 938.22 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:

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938.22 (1) (c) In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, the nonjudicial operational policies of a public secured group home, secure detention facility and the detention section of the children's court center shall be established by the county board of supervisors, and the execution thereof shall be the responsibility of the director of the children's court center.

\*-2105/1.83\* Section 3136. 938.22 (2) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.22 (2) (a) Counties shall submit plans for the secured group home, secure detention facility or juvenile portion of the county jail to the department of corrections and submit plans for the shelter care facility to the department of health and family services. A private entity that proposes to establish a secure detention facility shall submit plans for the secure detention facility to the department of corrections. The applicable department shall review the submitted plans. A county or a private entity may not implement any such plan unless the applicable department has approved the plan. The department of corrections shall promulgate rules establishing minimum requirements for the approval of the operation of secured group homes, secure detention facilities and the juvenile portion of county jails. The plans and rules shall be designed to protect the health, safety and welfare of the juveniles in these placed in those facilities.

\*-2105/1.84\* Section 3137. 938.22 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.22 (3) (a) In counties having a population of less than 500,000, public secured group homes, secure detention facilities and public shelter care facilities shall be in the charge of a superintendent. The county board of supervisors or, where 2 or more counties operate joint public secured group homes, secure detention facilities or public shelter care facilities, the county boards of supervisors for the 2 or more counties jointly shall appoint the superintendent and other necessary

personnel for the care and education of the juveniles in secure detention or shelter eare placed in those facilities, subject to par. (am) and to civil service regulations in counties having civil service.

\*-2105/1.85\* Section 3138. 938.22 (3) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.22 (3) (b) In counties having a population of 500,000 or more, the director of the children's court center shall be in charge of and responsible for public secured group homes, secure detention facilities, the secure detention section of the center and the personnel assigned to this section, including a detention supervisor or superintendent. The director of the children's court center may also serve as superintendent of detention if the county board of supervisors so determines.

\*-2105/1.86\* Section 3139. 938.22 (7) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.22 (7) (a) No person may establish a shelter care facility without first obtaining a license under s. 48.66 (1) (a). To obtain a license under s. 48.66 (1) (a) to operate a shelter care facility, a person must meet the minimum requirements for a license established by the department of health and family services under s. 48.67, meet the requirements specified in s. 48.685 and pay the license fee under par. (b). A license issued under s. 48.66 (1) (a) to operate a shelter care facility is valid until revoked or suspended, but shall be reviewed every 2 years as provided in s. 48.66 (5).

\*-2105/1.87\* SECTION 3140. 938.22 (7) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.22 (7) (b) Before the department of health and family services may issue a license under s. 48.66 (1) (a) to operate a shelter care facility, the shelter care facility must pay to that department a biennial fee of \$60.50, plus a biennial fee of \$18.15 per juvenile, based on the number of juveniles that the shelter care facility is licensed to serve. A shelter care facility that wishes to continue a license issued under s. 48.66 (1) (a) shall pay the fee under this paragraph by the continuation date of the license.

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A new shelter care facility shall pay the fee under this paragraph by no later than 30 days before the opening of the shelter care facility.

\*-2105/1.88\* SECTION 3141. 938.22 (7) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.22 (7) (c) A shelter care facility that wishes to continue a license issued under s. 48.66 (1) (a) and that fails to pay the fee under par. (b) by the continuation date of the license or a new shelter care facility that fails to pay the fee under par. (b) by 30 days before the opening of the shelter care facility shall pay an additional fee of \$5 per day for every day after the deadline that the facility fails to pay the fee.

\*-2105/1.89\* Section 3142. 938.23 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.23 (1) (a) Any juvenile alleged to be delinquent under s. 938.12 or held in a secure detention facility shall be represented by counsel at all stages of the proceedings, but a juvenile 15 years of age or older may waive counsel if the court is satisfied that the waiver is knowingly and voluntarily made and the court accepts the waiver. If the waiver is accepted, the court may not place the juvenile in a secured correctional facility, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home, transfer supervision of the juvenile to the department for participation in the serious juvenile offender program or transfer jurisdiction over the juvenile to adult court.

\*-1732/1.5\* Section 3143. 938.24 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.24 (5) The intake worker shall request that a petition be filed, enter into a deferred prosecution agreement or close the case within 40 days or sooner of receipt of referral information. Before entering into a deferred prosecution agreement, the intake worker shall comply with s. 938.245 (1m), if applicable. If the case is closed or a deferred prosecution agreement is entered into, the district attorney, corporation counsel or other official under s. 938.09 shall receive written notice of such action. If the case is closed, the known victims of the juvenile's alleged act shall receive notice

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as provided under sub. (5m), if applicable. In addition, if a deferred prosecution agreement is entered into placing a juvenile in a youth village program as described in s. 118.42, the judge or juvenile court commissioner shall receive written notice of such action and, on receipt of that notice, shall enter an order requiring compliance with that agreement. A notice of deferred prosecution of an alleged delinquency case shall include a summary of the facts surrounding the allegation and a list of prior intake referrals and dispositions. If a law enforcement officer has made a recommendation concerning the juvenile, the intake worker shall forward this recommendation to the district attorney under s. 938.09. Notwithstanding the requirements of this section, the district attorney may initiate a delinquency petition under s. 938.25 within 20 days after notice that the case has been closed or that a deferred prosecution agreement has been entered into. The judge shall grant appropriate relief as provided in s. 938.315 (3) with respect to any such petition which is not referred or filed within the time limits specified within this subsection. Failure to object if a petition is not referred or filed within a time limit specified in this subsection waives that time limit.

\*-1732/1.6\* Section 3144. 938.245 (2) (a) 9. of the statutes is repealed.

\*-1732/1.7\* Section 3145. 938.245 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.245 (2) (b) A deferred prosecution agreement, other than an agreement under par. (a) 9., may not include any form of out-of-home placement and may not exceed one year.

\*-1732/1.8\* Section 3146. 938.245 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.245 (3) The obligations imposed under a deferred prosecution agreement and its effective date shall be set forth in writing. If the deferred prosecution agreement places the juvenile in a youth village program under sub. (2) (a) 9., the

judge or juvenile court commissioner shall receive written notice that a deferred prosecution agreement has been entered into and, on receipt of that notice, shall enter an order requiring compliance with that agreement. The juvenile and a parent, guardian and legal custodian shall receive a copy of the agreement and order, as shall any agency providing services under the agreement.

\*-1732/1.9\* SECTION 3147. 938.245 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.245 (4) The intake worker shall inform the juvenile and the juvenile's parent, guardian and legal custodian in writing of their right to terminate or, if the juvenile is subject to a deferred prosecution agreement under sub. (2) (a) 9., to request the court to terminate the deferred prosecution agreement at any time or to object at any time to the fact or terms of the deferred prosecution agreement. If an objection arises the intake worker may alter the terms of the agreement or request the district attorney or corporation counsel to file a petition. If the deferred prosecution agreement is terminated the intake worker may request the district attorney or corporation counsel to file a petition.

\*-1732/1.10\* Section 3148. 938.245 (5) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.245 (5) A deferred prosecution agreement under sub. (2) (a) 1. to 8., (2g) or (2v). may be terminated upon the request of the juvenile, parent, guardian or legal custodian. A deferred prosecution agreement under sub. (2)(a) 9. may be terminated by the court upon the request of the juvenile, parent, guardian or legal custodian.

\*-1732/1.11\* Section 3149. 938.32 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.32 (1) (a) At any time after the filing of a petition for a proceeding relating to s. 938.12 or 938.13 and before the entry of judgment, the judge or juvenile court commissioner may suspend the proceedings and place the juvenile under supervision in the juvenile's own home or present placement or in a youth village

program as described in s. 118.42. The court may establish terms and conditions
applicable to the parent, guardian or legal custodian, and to the juvenile, including
any of the conditions specified in subs. (1d), (1g), (1m), (1t), (1v) and (1x). The order
under this section shall be known as a consent decree and must be agreed to by the
juvenile; the parent, guardian or legal custodian; and the person filing the petition
under s. 938.25. If the consent decree includes any conditions specified in sub. (1g),
the consent decree shall include provisions for payment of the services as specified
in s. 938.361. The consent decree shall be reduced to writing and given to the parties.
*-1732/1.12* Section 3150. 938.32 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
938.32 (2) (c) Upon the motion of the court or the application of the juvenile,
parent, guardian, legal custodian, intake worker or any agency supervising the
juvenile under the consent decree, the court may, after giving notice to the parties
to the consent decree and their counsel, if any, extend the decree for up to an
additional 6 months or, if the consent decree places the juvenile in a youth village
program as described in s. 118.42, for up to an additional one year in the absence of
objection to extension by the parties to the initial consent decree. If the parent,
guardian or legal custodian objects to the extension, the court shall schedule a
hearing and make a determination on the issue of extension. A consent decree
placing a juvenile in a youth village program as described in s. 118.42 may be
extended no more than twice.
*-2105/1.90* SECTION 3151. 938.33 (3) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to
read:

938.33 (3) CORRECTIONAL PLACEMENT REPORTS. (intro.) A report recommending placement of a juvenile in a secured correctional facility under the supervision of the

department or, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home shall be

in writing, except that the report may be presented orally at the dispositional hearing if the juvenile and the juvenile's counsel consent. A report that is presented orally shall be transcribed and made a part of the court record. In addition to the information specified under sub. (1) (a) to (d), the report shall include all of the following:

\*-2105/1.91\* SECTION 3152. 938.33 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.33 (3) (a) A description of any less restrictive alternatives that are available and that have been considered, and why they have been determined to be inappropriate. If the judge has found that any of the conditions specified in s. 938.34 (4m) (b) 1., 2. or 3. applies, the report shall indicate that a less restrictive alternative than placement in a secured correctional facility or, a secured child caring institution

\*-2105/1.92\* Section 3153. 938.33 (3r) of the statutes is amended to read:

or a secured group home is not appropriate.

938.33 (3r) Serious juvenile offender report. If a juvenile has been adjudicated delinquent for committing a violation for which the juvenile may be placed in the serious juvenile offender program under s. 938.34 (4h) (a), the report shall be in writing and, in addition to the information specified in sub. (1) and in sub. (3) or (4), if applicable, shall include an analysis of the juvenile's suitability for placement in the serious juvenile offender program under s. 938.34 (4h) or in a secured correctional facility or a secured group home under s. 938.34 (4m), a placement specified in s. 938.34 (3) or placement in the juvenile's home with supervision and community—based programming and a recommendation as to the type of placement for which the juvenile is best suited.

\*-1732/1.13\* Section 3154. 938.34 (3) (dm) of the statutes is repealed.

1	*-2105/1.93* SECTION 3155. 938.34 (4m) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to
2	read:
3	938.34 (4m) Correctional placement. (intro.) Place the juvenile in a secured
4	correctional facility, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home under
5	the supervision of the department if the juvenile is 12 years of age or over or, if the
6	juvenile is under 12 years of age, in a secured child caring institution or a secured
7	group home under the supervision of the department, unless the department, after
8	an examination under s. 938.50, determines that placement in a secured correctional
9	facility is more appropriate, but only if all of the following apply:
10	*-2105/1.94* SECTION 3156. 938.34 (4n) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to
11	read:
12	938.34 (4n) Aftercare supervision. (intro.) Subject to s. 938.532 (3) and to any
13	arrangement between the department and a county department regarding the
14	provision of aftercare supervision for juveniles who have been released from a
15	secured correctional facility er, a secured child caring institution or a secured group
16	home, designate one of the following to provide aftercare supervision for the juvenile
17	following the juvenile's release from the secured correctional facility or, secured child
18	caring institution or secured group home:
19	*-2105/1.95* SECTION 3157. 938.34 (4n) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
20	938.34 (4n) (b) The county department of the county of the court that placed
21	the juvenile in the secured correctional facility or, secured child caring institution or
22	secured group home.
23	*-0400/7.19* Section 3158. 938.34 (5m) of the statutes is amended to read:
24	938.34 (5m) COMMUNITY SERVICE WORK PROGRAM. Order the juvenile to
<b>2</b> 5	participate in a youth corps program, as defined in s. $16.22 \pm 46.78$ (1) (dm) or another

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community service work program, if the sponsor of the program approves the juvenile's participation in the program.

\*-1615/1.7\* Section 3159. 938.34 (8) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.34 (8) FORFEITURE. Impose a forfeiture based upon a determination that this disposition is in the best interest of the juvenile and in aid of rehabilitation. The maximum forfeiture that the court may impose under this subsection for a violation by a juvenile is the maximum amount of the fine that may be imposed on an adult for committing that violation or, if the violation is applicable only to a person under 18 years of age, \$100. Any such order shall include a finding that the juvenile alone is financially able to pay the forfeiture and shall allow up to 12 months for payment. If the juvenile fails to pay the forfeiture, the court may vacate the forfeiture and order other alternatives under this section, in accordance with the conditions specified in this chapter; or the court may suspend any license issued under ch. 29 for not less than 30 days nor more than 5 years, or subject to the fee under s. 85.135, if applicable, may suspend the juvenile's operating privilege as defined in s. 340.01(40) for not less than 30 days nor more than 5 years. If the court suspends any license under this subsection, the clerk of the court shall immediately take possession of the suspended license and forward it to the department which issued the license, together with a notice of suspension clearly stating that the suspension is for failure to pay a forfeiture imposed by the court. If the forfeiture is paid during the period of suspension, the suspension shall be reduced to the time period which has already elapsed and the court shall immediately notify the department which shall then return the license to the juvenile. Any recovery under this subsection shall be reduced by the amount recovered as a forfeiture for the same act under s.  $938.45\,(1r)$ (b).

\*-2105/1.96\* SECTION 3160. 938.34 (8d) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.34 (8d) (c) If a juvenile placed in a secured correctional facility or, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home fails to pay the surcharge under par. (a), the department shall assess and collect the amount owed from the juvenile's wages or other moneys. Any amount collected shall be transmitted to the state treasurer.

\*-1615/1.8\* Section 3161. 938.343 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

be imposed on an adult for committing that violation or, if the violation is only applicable to a person under 18 years of age, \$50. Any such order shall include a finding that the juvenile alone is financially able to pay and shall allow up to 12 months for the payment. If a juvenile fails to pay the forfeiture, the court may suspend any license issued under ch. 29 or, subject to the fee under s. 85.135, if applicable, may suspend the juvenile's operating privilege as defined in s. 340.01 (40), for not less than 30 days nor more than 5 years. The court shall immediately take possession of the suspended license and forward it to the department which issued the license, together with the notice of suspension clearly stating that the suspension is for failure to pay a forfeiture imposed by the court. If the forfeiture is paid during the period of suspension, the court shall immediately notify the department, which will thereupon return the license to the person. Any recovery under this subsection shall be reduced by the amount recovered as a forfeiture for the same act under s. 938.45 (1r) (b).

\*-2105/1.97\* Section 3162. 938.345(1)(a) of the statutes is amended to read:

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938.345 (1) (a) Place the juvenile in the serious juvenile offender program, a secured correctional facility or, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home.

\*-2105/1.98\* SECTION 3163. 938.355 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.355 (1) INTENT. In any order under s. 938.34 or 938.345, the court shall decide on a placement and treatment finding based on evidence submitted to the court. The disposition shall employ those means necessary to promote the objectives specified in s. 938.01. If the disposition places a juvenile who has been adjudicated delinquent outside the home under s. 938.34 (3) (c) or (d), the order shall include a finding that the juvenile's current residence will not safeguard the welfare of the juvenile or the community due to the serious nature of the act for which the juvenile was adjudicated delinquent. If the judge has determined that any of the conditions specified in s. 938.34 (4m) (b) 1., 2. or 3. applies, that determination shall be prima facie evidence that a less restrictive alternative than placement in a secured correctional facility er a secured child caring institution or a secured group home is not appropriate. If information under s. 938.331 has been provided in a court report under s. 938.33 (1), the court shall consider that information when deciding on a placement and treatment finding.

\*-2105/1.99\* Section 3164. 938.357 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (3) Subject to sub. (4) (b) and (c) and (5) (e), if the proposed change in placement would involve placing a juvenile in a secured correctional facility or in, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home, notice shall be given as provided in sub. (1). A hearing shall be held, unless waived by the juvenile, parent, guardian and legal custodian, before the judge makes a decision on the request. The juvenile shall be entitled to counsel at the hearing, and any party opposing or

favoring the proposed new placement may present relevant evidence and cross—examine witnesses. The proposed new placement may be approved only if the judge finds, on the record, that the conditions set forth in s. 938.34 (4h) or (4m) have been met.

\*-2105/1.100\* Section 3165. 938.357 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (4) (a) When the juvenile is placed with the department under s. 938.183 or 938.34 (4m), the department may, after an examination under s. 938.50, place the juvenile in a secured correctional facility ex, a secured child caring institution, a secured group home or on aftercare supervision, either immediately or after a period of placement in a secured correctional facility ex, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home. The department shall send written notice of the change to the parent, guardian, legal custodian, county department designated under s. 938.34 (4n), if any, and committing court. If the department places a juvenile in a Type 2 secured correctional facility operated by a child welfare agency, the department shall reimburse the child welfare agency at the rate established under s. 46.037 that is applicable to the type of placement that the child welfare agency is providing for the juvenile. A juvenile who is placed in a Type 2 secured correctional facility ex, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home remains under the supervision of the department, remains subject to the rules and discipline of that the department and is considered to be in custody, as defined in s. 946.42 (1) (a).

\*-2105/1.101\* SECTION 3166. 938.357 (4g) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (4g) (a) Not later than 120 days after the date on which the juvenile is placed in a secured correctional facility or, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home, or within 30 days after the date on which the department

requests the aftercare plan, whichever is earlier, the aftercare provider designated under s. 938.34 (4n) shall prepare an aftercare plan for the juvenile. If the aftercare provider designated under s. 938.34 (4n) is a county department, that county department shall submit the aftercare plan to the department within the time limits specified in this paragraph, unless the department waives those time limits under par. (b).

\*-2105/1.102\* SECTION 3167. 938.357 (4g) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (4g) (b) The department may waive the time period within which an aftercare plan must be prepared and submitted under par. (a) if the department anticipates that the juvenile will remain in the secured correctional facility er, secured child caring institution or secured group home for a period exceeding 8 months or if the juvenile is subject to s. 48.366 or 938.183. If the department waives that time period, the aftercare provider designated under s. 938.34 (4n) shall prepare the aftercare plan within 30 days after the date on which the department requests the aftercare plan.

\*-2105/1.103\* SECTION 3168. 938.357 (4g) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.357 (4g) (d) A juvenile may be released from a secured correctional facility or, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home whether or not an aftercare plan has been prepared under this subsection.

\*-2105/1.104\* SECTION 3169. 938.357(5)(e) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.357 (5) (e) If the hearing examiner finds that the juvenile has violated a condition of aftercare supervision, the hearing examiner shall determine whether confinement in a secured correctional facility or, a secured child caring institution

or a secured group home is necessary to protect the public, to provide for the juvenile's
rehabilitation or to not depreciate the seriousness of the violation.

\*-2105/1.105\* Section 3170. 938.357 (5) (f) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.357 (5) (f) Review of a revocation decision shall be by certiorari to the court by whose order the juvenile was placed in a secured correctional facility or, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home.

\*-2105/1.106\* SECTION 3171. 938.38 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.38 (3) (a) If the juvenile is alleged to be delinquent and is being held in a secure detention facility, juvenile portion of a county jail or shelter care facility, and the agency intends to recommend that the juvenile be placed in a secured correctional facility er, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home, the agency is not required to submit the permanency plan unless the court does not accept the recommendation of the agency. If the court places the juvenile in any facility outside of the juvenile's home other than a secured correctional facility er, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home, the agency shall file the permanency plan with the court within 60 days after the date of disposition.

\*-2105/1.107\* Section 3172. 938.48 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.48 (4) Provide appropriate care and training for juveniles under its supervision under s. 938.183, 938.34 (4h), (4m) or (4n) or 938.357 (4); including serving those juveniles in their own homes, placing them in licensed foster homes or licensed treatment foster homes in accordance with s. 48.63 or licensed group homes, contracting for their care by licensed child welfare agencies or replacing them in juvenile secured correctional institutions or facilities, secured child caring institutions or secured group homes in accordance with rules promulgated under ch. 227, except that the department may not purchase the educational component of

private day treatment programs for juveniles in its custody unless the department,
the school board as defined in s. 115.001 (7) and the state superintendent of public
instruction all determine that an appropriate public education program is not
available. Disputes between the department and the school district shall be resolved
by the state superintendent of public instruction.

\*-2105/1.108\* SECTION 3173. 938.51 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.51 (1) (intro.) At least 15 days prior to the date of release from a secured correctional facility ex, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home of a juvenile who has been adjudicated delinquent and at least 15 days prior to the release from the supervision of the department or a county department of a juvenile who has been adjudicated delinquent, the department or county department having supervision over the juvenile shall make a reasonable attempt to do all of the following:

\*-2105/1.109\* Section 3174. 938.51 (1m) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.51 (1m) The department or county department having supervision over a juvenile described in sub. (1) shall determine the local agencies that it will notify under sub. (1) (a) based on the residence of the juvenile's parents or on the juvenile's intended residence specified in the juvenile's aftercare supervision plan or, if those methods do not indicate the community in which the juvenile will reside following release from a secured correctional facility or, from, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home or from the supervision of the department or county department, the community in which the juvenile states that he or she intends to reside.

\*-2105/1.110\* SECTION 3175. 938.51 (4) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.51 (4) (intro.) If a juvenile described in sub. (1), (1d) or (1g) escapes from a secured correctional facility, child caring institution, secured group home, inpatient facility, secure detention facility or juvenile portion of a county jail, or from the custody of a peace officer or a guard of such a facility, institution, home or jail, or has been allowed to leave a secured correctional facility, child caring institution, secured group home, inpatient facility, secure detention facility or juvenile portion of a county jail for a specified period of time and is absent from the facility, institution, home or jail for more than 12 hours after the expiration of the specified period, as soon as possible after the department or county department having supervision over the juvenile discovers that escape or absence, that department or county department shall make a reasonable attempt to notify by telephone all of the following persons:

\*-1070/1.1\* Section 3176. 938.533 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.533 (2) Corrective sanctions program. From the appropriation under s. 20.410 (3) (hr), the department shall provide a corrective sanctions program to serve an average daily population of 106 juveniles in fiscal year 1997–98 and 136 juveniles in fiscal year 1998–99, or an average daily population of more than 106 juveniles in fiscal year 1997–98 and 136 juveniles in fiscal year 1998–99 if the appropriation under s. 20.410 (3) (hr) is supplemented under s. 13.101 or 16.515 and the positions for the program are increased under s. 13.101 or 16.505 (2) or if funding and positions to serve more than those that average daily populations population are otherwise available, in not less than 3 counties, including Milwaukee County. The office of juvenile offender review in the department shall evaluate and select for participation in the program juveniles who have been placed under the supervision of the

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**SECTION 3176** 

department under s. 938.183, 938.34 (4h) or (4m) or 938.357 (4). The department shall place a program participant in the community, provide intensive surveillance of that participant and provide an average of \$5,000 \$3,000 per year per slot to purchase community-based treatment services for each participant. The department shall make the intensive surveillance required under this subsection available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and may purchase or provide electronic monitoring for the intensive surveillance of program participants. The department shall provide a report center in Milwaukee County to provide on-site programming after school and in the evening for juveniles from Milwaukee County who are placed in the corrective sanctions program. A contact worker providing services under the program shall have a case load of approximately 10 juveniles and, during the initial phase of placement in the community under the program of a juvenile who is assigned to that contact worker, shall have not less than one face-to-face contact per day with that juvenile. Case management services under the program shall be provided by a corrective sanctions agent who shall have a case load of approximately 15 juveniles. The department shall promulgate rules to implement the program.

\*-2105/1.111\* Section 3177. 938.533 (3) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.533 (3) (a) A participant in the corrective sanctions program remains under the supervision of the department, remains subject to the rules and discipline of that department and is considered to be in custody, as defined in s. 946.42 (1) (a). Notwithstanding ss. 938.19 to 938.21, if a juvenile violates a condition of that juvenile's participation in the corrective sanctions program the department may, without a hearing, take the juvenile into custody and place the juvenile in a secured detention facility or return the juvenile to placement in a Type 1 secured correctional facility er, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home.

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1	*-2105/1.112* Section 3178. 938.535 of the statutes is amended to read:
2	938.535 Early release and intensive supervision program; limits. The
3	department may establish a program for the early release and intensive supervision
4	of juveniles who have been placed in a secured correctional facility er, a secured child
5	caring institution or a secured group home under s. 938.183 or 938.34 (4m). The
6	program may not include any juveniles who have been placed in a secured
7	correctional facility or, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home as
8	a result of a delinquent act involving the commission of a violent crime as defined in
9	s. 969.035, but not including the crime specified in s. 948.02 (1).
10	*-2105/1.113* SECTION 3179. 938.538 (3) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to
11	read:
12	938.538 (3) (a) 1. Subject to subd. 1m., placement in a Type 1 secured
13	correctional facility, a secured child caring institution, a secured group home or, if the
14	participant is 17 years of age or over or 15 years of age or over and transferred under
15	s. $938.357(4)(d)$ , a Type 1 prison, as defined in s. $301.01(5)$ , for a period of not more
16	than 3 years.
17	*-2105/1.114* SECTION 3180. 938.538 (3) (a) 1m. of the statutes is amended to
18	read:
19	938.538 (3) (a) 1m. If the participant has been adjudicated delinquent fo
20	committing an act that would be a Class A felony if committed by an adult, placemen
21	in a Type 1 secured correctional facility, a secured child caring institution, a secure
22	group home or, if the participant is 17 years of age or over or 15 years of age or over

and transferred under s. 938.357(4)(d), a Type 1 prison, as defined in s. 301.01(5),

until the participant reaches 25 years of age, unless the participant is released

sooner, subject to a mandatory minimum period of confinement of not less than one
year.

\*-2105/1.115\* SECTION 3181. 938.538 (3) (a) 1p. of the statutes is amended to read:

938.538 (3) (a) 1p. Alternate care, including placement in a foster home, treatment foster home, group home, secured group home, child caring institution or secured child caring institution.

\*-2105/1.116\* Section 3182. 938.538(4)(a) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.538 (4) (a) A participant in the serious juvenile offender program is under the supervision and control of the department, is subject to the rules and discipline of the department and is considered to be in custody, as defined in s. 946.42 (1) (a). Notwithstanding ss. 938.19 to 938.21, if a participant violates a condition of his or her participation in the program under sub. (3) (a) 2. to 9. while placed in a Type 2 secured correctional facility the department may, without a hearing, take the participant into custody and return him or her to placement in a Type 1 secured correctional facility, a secured child caring institution, a secured group home or, if the participant is 17 years of age or over, a Type 1 prison, as defined in s. 301.01 (5). Any intentional failure of a participant to remain within the extended limits of his or her placement while participating in the serious juvenile offender program or to return within the time prescribed by the administrator of the division of intensive sanctions in the department is considered an escape under s. 946.42 (3) (c).

\*-2105/1.117\* SECTION 3183. 938.57 (1) (c) of the statutes is amended to read: 938.57 (1) (c) Provide appropriate protection and services for juveniles in its care, including providing services for juveniles and their families in their own homes, placing the juveniles in licensed foster homes, licensed treatment foster homes or

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licensed group homes in this state or another state within a reasonable proximity to the agency with legal custody or contracting for services for them by licensed child welfare agencies or replacing them in juvenile secured correctional institutions or facilities, secured child caring institutions or secured group homes in accordance with rules promulgated under ch. 227, except that the county department may not purchase the educational component of private day treatment programs unless the county department, the school board as defined in s. 115.001 (7) and the state superintendent of public instruction all determine that an appropriate public education program is not available. Disputes between the county department and the school district shall be resolved by the state superintendent of public instruction.

\*-2105/1.118\* Section 3184. 938.57 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.57 (4) A county department may provide aftercare supervision under s. 938.34 (4n) for juveniles who are released from secured correctional facilities er, secured child caring institutions operated by the department or secured group homes. If a county department intends to change its policy regarding whether the county department or the department shall provide aftercare supervision for juveniles released from secured correctional facilities or, secured child caring institutions operated by the department or secured group homes, the county executive or county administrator, or, if the county has no county executive or county administrator, the chairperson of the county board of supervisors, or, for multicounty departments, the chairpersons of the county boards of supervisors jointly, shall submit a letter to the department stating that intent before July 1 of the year preceding the year in which the policy change will take effect.

\*-2105/1.119\* Section 3185. 938.59 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

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938.59 (1) The county department shall investigate the personal and family history and environment of any juvenile transferred to its legal custody or placed under its supervision under s. 938.34 (4d) or (4n) and make any physical or mental examinations of the juvenile considered necessary to determine the type of care necessary for the juvenile or placement that is best suited to the juvenile and to the protection of the public. The county department shall screen a juvenile who is examined under this subsection to determine whether the juvenile is in need of special treatment or care because of alcohol or other drug abuse, mental illness or severe emotional disturbance. The county department shall keep a complete record of the information received from the court, the date of reception, all available data on the personal and family history of the juvenile, the results of all tests and examinations given the juvenile and a complete history of all placements of the juvenile while in the legal custody or under the supervision of the county department.

\*-2105/1.120\* Section 3186. 938.78 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

938.78 (3) If a juvenile adjudged delinquent under s. 48.12, 1993 stats., or s. 938.12 or found to be in need of protection or services under s. 48.13 (12), 1993 stats., or s. 48.13 (14), 1993 stats., or s. 938.13 (12) or (14) on the basis of a violation of s. 941.10, 941.11, 941.20, 941.21, 941.23, 941.235, 941.237, 941.24, 941.26, 941.28, 941.295, 941.298, 941.30, 941.31, 941.32, 941.325, 943.02, 943.03, 943.04, 943.10 (2) (a), 943.23 (1g), (1m) or (1r), 943.32 (2), 948.02, 948.025, 948.03, 948.05, 948.055, 948.60, 948.605 or 948.61 or any crime specified in ch. 940 has escaped from a secured correctional facility, child caring institution, secured group home, inpatient facility, as defined in s. 51.01 (10), secure detention facility or juvenile portion of a county jail, or from the custody of a peace officer or a guard of such a facility, institution or jail,

or has been allowed to leave a secured correctional facility, child caring institution, secured group home, inpatient facility, secure detention facility or juvenile portion of a county jail for a specified time period and is absent from the facility, institution, home or jail for more than 12 hours after the expiration of the specified period, the department or county department having supervision over the juvenile may release the juvenile's name and any information about the juvenile that is necessary for the protection of the public or to secure the juvenile's return to the facility, institution, home or jail. The department of corrections shall promulgate rules establishing guidelines for the release of the juvenile's name or information about the juvenile to the public.

\*-0086/3.2\* Section 3187. 938.78 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

938.78 (4) (a) Except as provided under pars. (b) and (c) or by order of the court, no agency may make available for inspection or disclose the contents of any record kept or information received relating to a foster parent, treatment foster parent or family—operated group home, as defined in s. 48.627 (1), parent or a family member of a foster parent, treatment foster parent or family—operated group home parent without first receiving the written permission of the foster parent, treatment foster parent or family—operated group home parent.

- (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to the confidential exchange of information between an agency and another social welfare agency. A social welfare agency that obtains information under this paragraph shall keep the information confidential as required under this section and s. 48.78.
- (c) Paragraph (a) does not prohibit an agency from disclosing the name and address of a foster parent, treatment foster parent or family-operated group home parent under s. 938.20 (8), 938.33 (5), 938.355 (2) (b) 2., 938.357 (1), (2m) or (4) (a)

or (c) 3. or 938.38 (4) (c) or from disclosing to the parent, guardian or legal custodian of a juvenile the location of an alternate placement of the juvenile under s. 938.538 (3) (a) 1p.

\*-2105/1.121\* Section 3188. 939.635 (1) of the statutes is amended to read: 939.635 (1) Except as provided in sub. (2), if a person who has been adjudicated delinquent is convicted of violating s. 940.20 (1) while placed in a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), a secure detention facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (16), or a secured group home, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), or is convicted of violating s. 940.20 (2m), the court shall sentence the person to not less than 3 years of imprisonment. Except as provided in sub. (2), if a person is convicted of violating s. 946.43 while placed in a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), a secure detention facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), or a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), or a secured group home, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), the court shall sentence the person to not less than 5 years of imprisonment.

\*-2105/1.122\* Section 3189. 939.635 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read: 939.635 (2) (b) That imposing the applicable presumptive minimum sentence specified in sub. (1) is not necessary to deter the person or other persons from committing violations of s. 940.20 (1) or 946.43 or other similar offenses while placed in a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), a secure detention facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (16), or a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), or a secured group home, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), or from committing violations of s. 940.20 (2m).

\*-2105/1.123\* SECTION 3190. 940.20 (2m) (a) 1. of the statutes is amended to read:

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940.20 <b>(2m)</b> (a) 1.	"Aftercare agent" means any person authorized by the
department of corrections	or a county department under s. 46.215, 46.22 or 46.23 to
exercise control over a juv	venile on aftercare.

\*-1516/4.18\* SECTION 3191. 944.21 (8) (b) 3. a. of the statutes is amended to read:

944.21 (8) (b) 3. a. Is a technical college, is a school approved by the educational approval higher educational aids board under s. 39.51 or is a school described in s. 39.51 (9) (f), (g) or (h) (1) (e) 6., 7. or 8.; and

\*-2105/1.124\* Section 3192. 946.42 (1) (a) of the statutes is amended to read: 946.42 (1) (a) "Custody" includes without limitation actual custody of an institution, including a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), a secured group home, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), a secure detention facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (16), a Type 2 child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (19r), or a juvenile portion of a county jail, or of a peace officer or institution guard and constructive custody of prisoners and juveniles subject to an order under s. 48.366, 938.183, 938.34 (4d), (4h) or (4m) or 938.357 (4) or (5) (e) temporarily outside the institution whether for the purpose of work, school, medical care, a leave granted under s. 303.068, a temporary leave or furlough granted to a juvenile or otherwise. Under s. 303.08 (6) it means, without limitation, that of the sheriff of the county to which the prisoner was transferred after conviction. It does not include the custody of a probationer, parolee or person on extended supervision by the department of corrections or a probation, extended supervision or parole officer or the custody of a person who has been released to aftercare supervision under ch. 938 unless the person is in actual custody or is subject to a confinement order under s. 973.09 (4).

* $-2105/1.125*$ Section 3193. 946.44 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
946.44 (2) (c) "Institution" includes a secured correctional facility, as defined
in s. 938.02 (15m), a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g),
a secured group home, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), and a Type 2 child caring
institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (19r).
*-2105/1.126* SECTION 3194. 946.44(2)(d) of the statutes is amended to read:
946.44 (2) (d) "Prisoner" includes a person who is under the supervision of the
department of corrections under s. 938.34 (4h) or, who is placed in a secured
correctional facility er, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home
under s. <u>938.183</u> , 938.34 (4m) or 938.357 (4) or (5) (e) or, who is placed in a Type 2
child caring institution under s. 938.34 (4d) or who is subject to an order under s.
48.366.
*-2105/1.127* Section 3195. 946.45 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read:
*-2105/1.127* SECTION 3195. 940.45 (2) (c) of the statutes is amended to read.
946.45 (2) (c) "Institution" includes a secured correctional facility, as defined
946.45 (2) (c) "Institution" includes a secured correctional facility, as defined
946.45 (2) (c) "Institution" includes a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g),
946.45 (2) (c) "Institution" includes a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), a secured group home, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), and a Type 2 child caring
946.45 (2) (c) "Institution" includes a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), a secured group home, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), and a Type 2 child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (19r).
946.45 (2) (c) "Institution" includes a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), a secured group home, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), and a Type 2 child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (19r).  *-2105/1.128* Section 3196. 946.45 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
946.45 (2) (c) "Institution" includes a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), a secured group home, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), and a Type 2 child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (19r).  *-2105/1.128* Section 3196. 946.45 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 946.45 (2) (d) "Prisoner" includes a person who is under the supervision of the
946.45 (2) (c) "Institution" includes a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), a secured group home, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), and a Type 2 child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (19r).  *-2105/1.128* Section 3196. 946.45 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 946.45 (2) (d) "Prisoner" includes a person who is under the supervision of the department of corrections under s. 938.34 (4h) or, who is placed in a secured.
946.45 (2) (c) "Institution" includes a secured correctional facility, as defined in s. 938.02 (15m), a secured child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (15g), a secured group home, as defined in s. 938.02 (15p), and a Type 2 child caring institution, as defined in s. 938.02 (19r).  *-2105/1.128* SECTION 3196. 946.45 (2) (d) of the statutes is amended to read: 946.45 (2) (d) "Prisoner" includes a person who is under the supervision of the department of corrections under s. 938.34 (4h) er, who is placed in a secured correctional facility er, a secured child caring institution or a secured group home.